## <u>Horizon Regional MUD</u>

2016 Drinking Water Quality Report

## DEAR CUSTOMER:

important information about your drinking water provide safe drinking water. and the efforts made by the water system to This report is intended to provide you with

water poses a health risk. contaminants does not necessarily indicate that amounts of some contaminants. The presence of reasonably be expected to contain at least small Drinking water, including bottled water, may

at (800) 426-4791. provider. are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants means to lessen the risk of infection by about drinking water from their health care from infections. These people should seek advice some elderly and infants can be particularly at risk with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders who have undergone organ transplants, people mmuno-compromised persons such as persons cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate

is primarily from materials and components serious health problems, especially for pregnant If present, elevated levels of lead can cause testing methods, and steps you can take to water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, lead in your water, you may wish to have your drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for sitting for several hours, you can minimize the plumbing components. When your water has been We cannot control the variety of materials used in women and young children. Lead in drinking water Drinking Water Hotline or at ninimize exposure is available from the associated with service lines and home plumbing.

MUD is groundwater The source of drinking water for Horizon Regional from the Hueco-Mesilla

ntp://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

indicate that some of your sources are susceptible to certain contaminants. The and protection efforts at our system, contact more information on source water assessments be found in this Consumer Confident Report. For data. Any detections of these contaminants may assessment of your source water and results sampling requirements for you water system are Bolson Aquifers. The TCEQ completed an Charlie McGinnis, Severn Trent Services. based on this susceptibility and previous sample

For more information about your sources of water, please refer to the Source Water Assessment Viewer available at the following: http://www.tceq.texas.gov/gis/swaview

Further details about sources and source water http://dww2.tceq.texas.gov/DWW// Watch at the following URL: assessments are available in Drinking Water

may be present in source water: resulting from the presence of contaminants that occurring minerals, and in some cases, The sources of drinking water (both tap water and radioactive material, and can pick up substances through the ground, it dissolves naturally-As water travels over the surface of the land or bottled water) generally include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells.

contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and 2) Inorganic contaminants, including synthetic and volatile residential uses. 4) as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming. 3) Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such bacteria, Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and which may come from sewage Organic

> Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally- occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining production and mining storm water runoff, and septic systems. organic chemicals, which are by- products of When drinking water meets federal standards activities, and can also, come from gas stations, urban industrial processes and petroleum production, eptic systems. 5) which can be

which must provide the same protection for public In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the by public water systems. FDA regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water amount of certain contaminants in water provided

in your drinking water. The U.S. EPA requires document but they may greatly affect the appearance and taste of your water. The pages monitored contaminants which have been found that follow list all of the federally regulated or causes iron) which are often found in drinking water can water systems to test for up to 97 contaminants. secondaries are not required to be reported in this Texas, not the EPA. These constituents are not and odor constituents are called secondary cause taste, color, and odor problems. The taste Many constituents (such as calcium, sodium, or constituents and are regulated by the State of for health concern. Therefore

district's operator, Severn Trent Services odor, or color of drinking water, please contact the health concerns. For more information on taste may cause taste, color, or odor problems. These Contaminants may be found in drinking water that types of problems are not necessarily causes for

> by calling the EPA's Safe Drinking Water and potential health effects can be obtained at least small amounts of some contaminants purchasing bottled water or point of use there may not be any health based benefits to Hotline (1-800-426-4791). risk. More information about contaminants The presence of contaminants does not water, may reasonably be expected to contain devices. Drinking water, including bottled necessarily indicate that water poses a health

Public input concerning the water system concerns or questions you may have the month at 6:00 PM at 14100 Horizon may be made at regularly scheduled meetings, generally held the 4th Thursday of regarding this report. may also contact Charlie McGinnis, Severn Blvd, Horizon City, Texas 79928-8585. You Frent Services, at 915-852-3917 with any

en espanol. o'discusiones sobre el agua para tomar. Si tiene preguntas Este reporte incluye informacion importante 4507 para hablar con una persona bilingue espanol, favor de llamar al tel. (281) 579sobre este reporte en

## **Definitions & Abbreviations:**Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG): The

allow for a margin of safety. level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs

water. MCLs are set as close to MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology. level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL): The highest

contaminants. highest level of disinfectant allowed in drinking water disintectant is necessary for control of microbial here is convincing evidence that addition of a Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL): The

control microbial contaminants. do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG): The level of drinking water disinfectant below which

or other requirements that a water system must contaminant, which, if exceeded, triggers treatment Action Level (AL): The concentration of a

per liter (mg/l) is analogous to 1 minute in 2 years. Parts per million (ppm): The equivalent of milligrams

per liter (µg/l) is analogous to 1 second in 32 years. Parts per billion (ppb): The equivalent of micrograms

icocuries per liter (pCi/L): A measure of

VA: Not applicable

NTU: Nephelometric Turbidity Units



Substance	Unit of Measure	Year	r MCL	Average Level Detected	Minimum - Maximum Level Detected	n MCLG	n MCLG Compliance	Typical Sources
Radioactive Contaminants (Regulated at the Water Plant	ated at the Wat	er Plant)						на под при
Uranium	pCi/L	2015	30	3.1	3.1 - 3.1	0	Yes	Erosion of netural deposits.
Gross Alpha	pCi/L	2015	햐	4	4-4	0	Yes	Erosion of natural deposits.
Gross Beta	pCi/L	2015	50	6.5	6.5 - 6.5	0	Yes	Decay of natural and man-made deposits.
Unregulated Contaminants								
Dibromochloromethane	ppb	2016	NA	1.9	0-4.84	NA	Yes	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Bromoform	ppb	2016	NA	4.78	0-25.1	N/A	Yes	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Unregulated contaminants are those for which EPA has not established drinking water standards. The purpose of unregulated contaminant monitoring is to assist EPA in determining the regulation is warranted.	which EPA has no	t established d	rinking water	standards, Th	e purpose of unregulate	d contaminant r	nonitoring is to assist E	PA in determining the occurrence of unregulated contaminants in drinking water and whether future

The maximum contaminant level (MCL) for arsenic decreased from 0.05 mg/L (50 ppb) to 0.010 mg/L (10 ppb) effective January 23, 2006. Because the highest reported arsenic level on this report is between 5 ppb and 10 ppb, the following information is required by EPA: "While your drinking water meets EPA's standard for arsenic, it does contain low levels of arsenic. EPA's standard balances the current understanding of arsenic's possible health effects against the costs of removing arsenic from drinking water. EPA continues to research the health effects of low levels of arsenic, which is a mineral known to cause cancer in humans at high concentrations and is linked to other health effects such as skin damage and circulatory problems."	ecause the highest reported and understanding of arsenic's potonicing of arsenic's potonicing to other health effects such as	ary 23, 2006. Bunces the curren is and is linked	(10 ppb) effective Janu ic. EPA's standard bala ns at high concentration	) to 0.010 mg/L v levels of arsen cancer in huma	mg/L (50 ppt ss contain lov swn to cause	ased from 0.05 or arsenic, it doo is a mineral kno	The maximum contaminant level (MCL) for arsenic decreased from 0.05 mg/L (50 ppb) to 0.010 mg/L (10 ppb) effective January 23, 2006. Because the highest reported arsenic level on the EPA: "While your drinking water meets EPA's standard for arsenic, it does contain low levels of arsenic. EPA's standard balances the current understanding of arsenic's possible health effects of low levels of arsenic, which is a mineral known to cause cancer in humans at high concentrations and is linked to other health effects such as skin damage are	The maximum contain EPA: "While your driver driver in the health of the
Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff from glass, and electronics production wastes.	Yes	٥	5.9 - 5.9	5.9		2015	ppb	Arsenic
Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fartilizer and aluminum factories.	Yes	4	0.35 - 0.35	0.35	4	2015	ррп	Fluoride
Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits.	Yes	5	1.53 - 6.43	5.31	5	2016	ppm	Nitrate
						rianu	morganic contaminants (Requiated at the water Flant	Illustration Collicati

Copper	Lead	Substance Lead and Co
ppm	ppd	Un Meas
		ap T
2014	2014	Year
0.21	1.05	90th Percentile Value
1.5	5	EPA Action Level
0	0	Number of Results abov Action Leve
13	0	e MCLG
Yes	Yes	Compliance
Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives.	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits.	Typical Sources

\* All levels detected were below the MCLs.

